

T is kept constant
 N is kept constant
 V is kept constant

(N, V, T) system \rightarrow Helmholtz function

$$F = U - TS$$

equilibrium $\Rightarrow \frac{\partial F}{\partial \phi} = 0$

$$F = U - TS = M_B B N (1 - 2\phi) + T K_B N (\phi \ln \phi + (1 - \phi) \ln (1 - \phi))$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial \phi} = -2M_B B N + K_B T N (\ln \phi + 1 - \ln(1 - \phi) - 1)$$

dim. sub^{1,2}, product rule

$$0 = -2M_B B + K_B T (\ln \phi - \ln(1 - \phi))$$

$$\frac{2M_B B}{K_B T} = \ln \left(\frac{\phi}{1 - \phi} \right)$$

$$\frac{\phi}{1 - \phi} = e^{\frac{2M_B B}{K_B T}}$$

$$\phi = (1 - \phi) e^{\frac{2M_B B}{K_B T}}$$

$$\phi \left(1 + e^{\frac{2M_B B}{K_B T}} \right) = e^{\frac{2M_B B}{K_B T}}$$

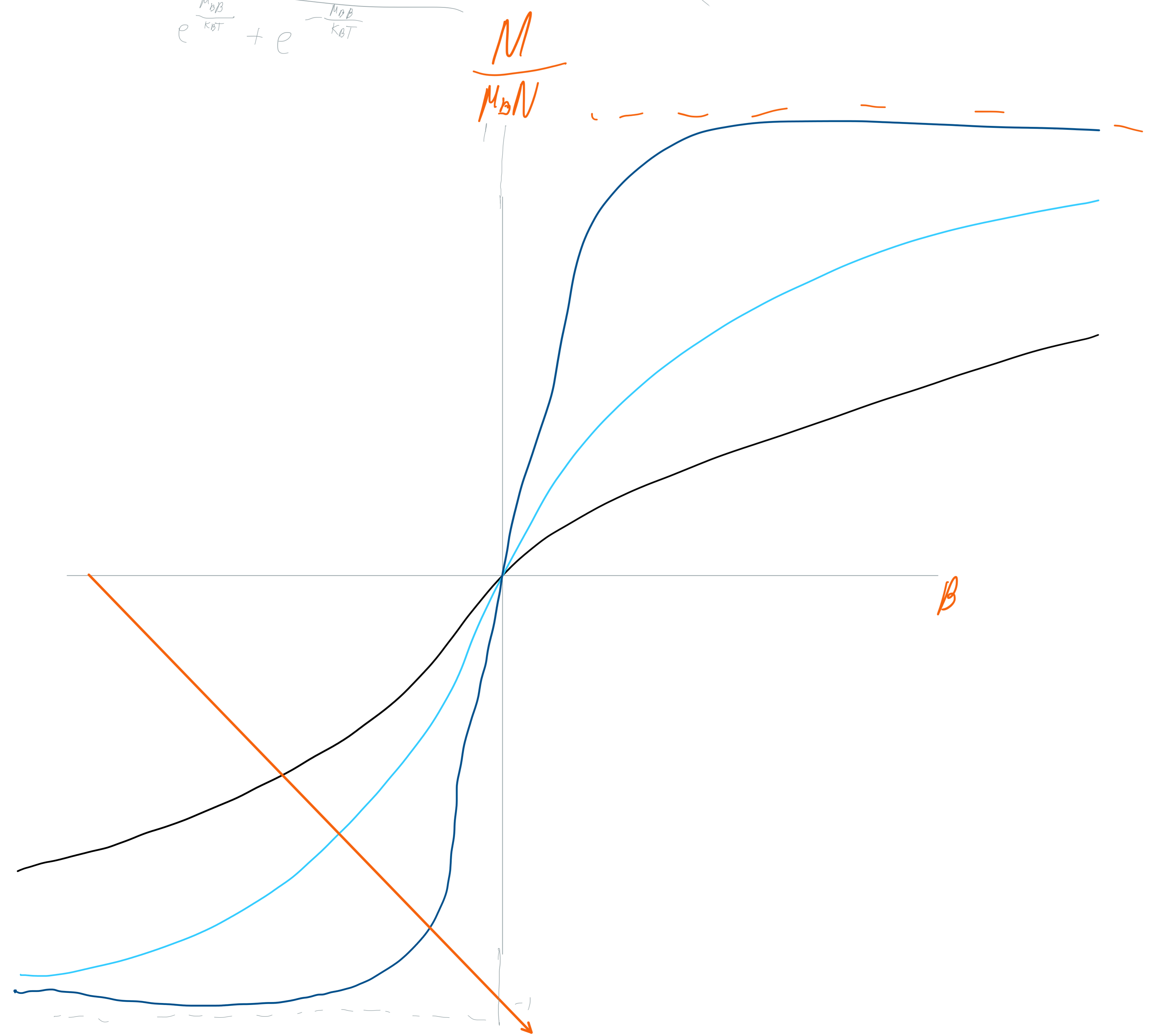
$$\phi = \frac{e^{\frac{2M_B B}{K_B T}}}{1 + e^{\frac{2M_B B}{K_B T}}}$$

b)

$$\begin{aligned}
 M &= M_B (N_r - N_v) \\
 &= M_B (N_r - (N - N_r)) \\
 &= M_B (2N_r - N) \\
 &= M_B N (2\phi - 1)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{M}{M_B N} = 2\phi - 1 = \tanh \left(\frac{M_B B}{K_B T} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \phi &= \frac{e^{\frac{2M_B B}{K_B T}}}{1 + e^{\frac{2M_B B}{K_B T}}} \\
 &= \frac{e^{\frac{M_B B}{K_B T}}}{e^{\frac{M_B B}{K_B T}} + e^{-\frac{M_B B}{K_B T}}}
 \end{aligned}$$



decreasing temperature